

International Longitudinal Data Collection

October 5, 2015
United Nations



Today's Talk

- I. Key benefits of individual longitudinal data
- II. Achieving High Quality Longitudinal Data
 - a. Standardize Quality Control
 - b. Minimize Attrition
 - c. Use Responsive Design to Maximize Efficiency



Benefits of Individual-level Longitudinal Data

- Detecting problems that come in <u>spells</u>
 - Poverty
 - Psychiatric Disorder
- Documenting consequences of change
 - Schools vs. health services
 - Child immunization vs. family planning
- Understanding the role of Migration



Achieving High Quality Longitudinal Data

Standardized Quality Control

Minimize Attrition

Responsive Survey Design



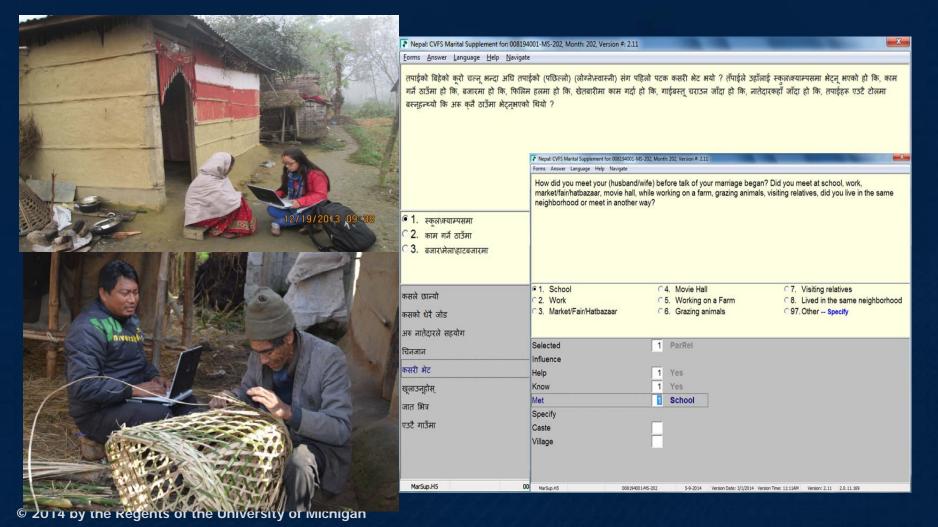
Quality Control: Conduct an Excellent Baseline Study

Careful Selection of Cases to Study

Computer Assisted Interviewing (CAI)

Maximum Re-contact Information

SURVEY RESEARCH CENTER UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN COMPUTER ASSISTED Personal Interviewing (CAPI):





Key Benefits of Computer Assisted

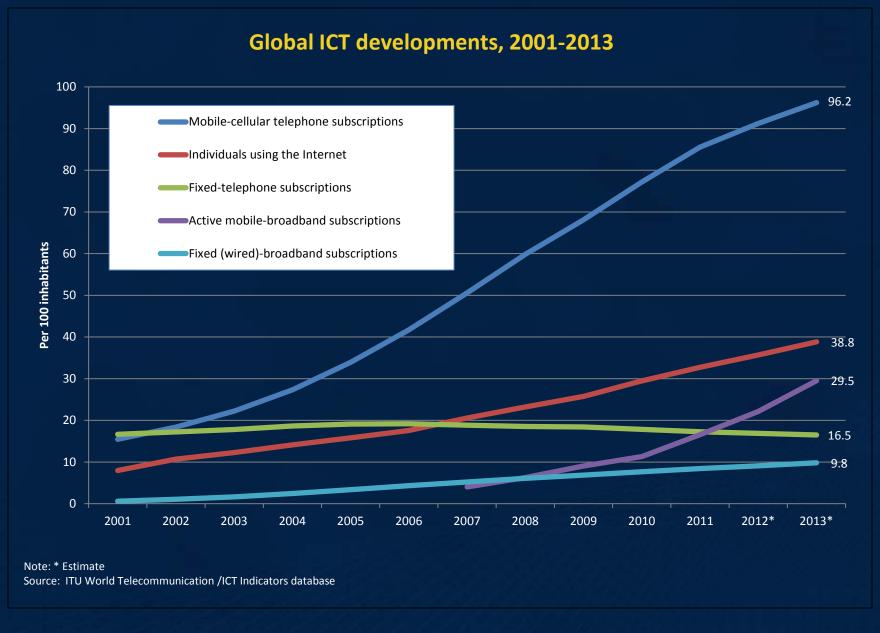
- In the field
 - Quality control during interview
 - Speed of data transmission and analysis
 - Data security, confidentiality
- For international longitudinal data collection
 - Simultaneous, uniform QC across sites
 - Tracking cases across time
 - Paradata



Excellent Re-contact Information

- Multiple Modes of Contact Information
 - Address, phone number, email, other
- Multiple people likely to maintain contact
 - Family members best (closest possible & multiple)
- Multiple sources of unique identification
 - Name, ID number, employer
 - Retinal scan?







Minimizing Attrition

- Controlling the length of interviews to reduce burden
- Re-contact at short intervals, between rounds
- Re-contact with multiple family members
- Change mode of contact (e.g. face-to-face to phone)
- Continuing contact with those temporarily away no matter where
- Track across long distances, including borders
 - representative subsamples of movers, if necessary



Tools for Standardized Quality Control and Data Management

- Data Collection Management Systems
 - Software, procedures and technical expertise to manage data collection operations
- Transmit data from remote data collection devices to a central location securely, encrypted, and well organized for analysis
- Monitor all aspects of the data collection process and assess errors created in that process – "Paradata"



Analyzing Paradata

- Quality Control
 - Fabrication (time stamps, GPS, response distributions)
 - Low quality interviewing (error by interviewer)
 - bad questions
- Optimizing the Efficiency of Data Collection
 - Responsive Survey Design



Responsive Survey Design

- Creating More Data for Less Money
- Analysis of Paradata to adjust the data collection procedures and re-direct work during fieldwork to maximize efficiency
- US National Survey of Family Growth (NSFG)
 - 2002-03 N=12,500 for \$16 Million
 - 2006-10 N=22,500 for \$15 Million



Linking Across Types of Data

 Creating Synergy among census, administrative records, repeated crosssections, and longitudinal data

 Choose sub-samples for more intensive (expensive) measurements

Repeat measures across data types



Thank you

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